

Managed Portfolio Service

# Responsible MPS 6

As at 30 June 2025

**Market commentary:**

The noise in markets reached a crescendo at the start of the second quarter as President Trump’s ‘Liberation day’ revealed tariffs that shocked investors. Further scrutiny was poured on the US economy and the US dollar, as many began to reconsider their holdings of US assets. Geopolitical uncertainty in the Middle East had a surprisingly limited impact on markets, even as tensions between Israel and Iran flared into outright conflict before coming to a US-imposed ceasefire.

**Fixed income**

Tentative signs of inflation stability brought anticipation that the Federal Reserve could respond to any future economic weakness. Although Chair Powell has been resolute in the need to respond slowly, speculation about his successor and Trump’s hand in that selection started to influence market thinking, as did uncertainty over how the tariff situation would impact prices.

In the UK, the mechanical uplift to utility and water bills in April sent inflation back above 3%, a level it is expected to reside at for the rest of the year. As in the US, the Bank of England has been cautious while inflation remains above target. Shorter dated gilt yields rallied, steepening the yield curve, whilst longer dated yields remained volatile.

After a wobble during the equity market downturn in April, credit spreads narrowed again to leave corporate bonds with solid returns over the quarter.

**Equities**

Performance within equity markets continued to buck the trend of the last couple of years, with the US no longer the standout performer: other markets have taken the lead. Emerging markets such as Korea and Taiwan have been performing strongly, driven by major constituents Samsung and TSMC. Within developed Asia Pacific, Australia and Hong Kong performed well, the former driven by the financial sector.

Europe and the UK appeared to benefit from investors looking outside America for returns. The fiscal spending on defence and infrastructure prompted investors to look more closely at domestically focused segments of the markets. In the UK, a sustained rally in financials and defence stocks aided gains, whilst mid- and small caps performed well amidst takeover interest.

Chinese equities gave back some of the bumper gains seen in the first quarter, in keeping with their volatile nature and trade tensions with the US. Japanese equities continue to grapple with the implications of higher inflation, rising interest rates and what that means for the currency.

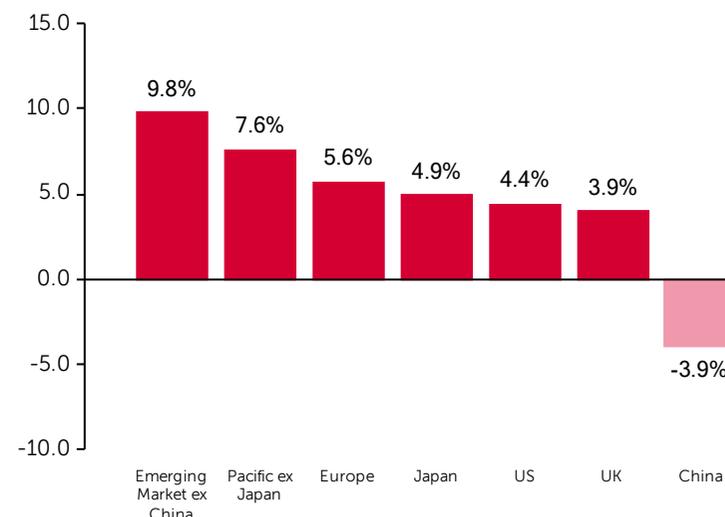
**Outlook**

Having seen one metaphorical and one physical ceasefire during the quarter, markets are entering summer in better spirits. Plenty of issues remain outstanding from the first half of 2025, not least that the tariff pause is due to expire in August. Having walked back from the brink once, there is a perception that Trump will be unwilling to test investor patience again, especially given the US dollar has remained on its weaker footing, supporting those claiming a strong dollar has been hindering US manufacturing.

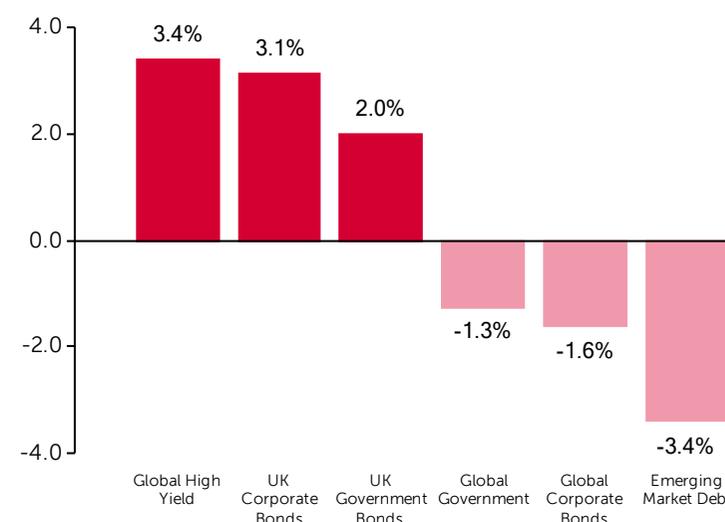
Nonetheless, it is difficult to see the relationship between Trump and the markets being plain sailing for the next four years. However, investors should pause to reflect if there has ever been a time when the outlook suggested calm waters.

The assessment of short-term events is interpreted by markets, at its most basic level, by what it means for growth and inflation. Sitting here today, the consensus appears to be that both will be acceptable, and markets will find a way to muddle through, as they often do.

**Equity performance - last quarter**



**Fixed income performance - last quarter**



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### Portfolio commentary

AJ Bell Responsible MPS 6, which emphasises broad geographical equity diversification, was well-positioned to benefit from strong performance across global equity markets this quarter.

In the UK, equities made a meaningful contribution, with the mid-cap companies being lifted by a spate of takeover bids - for example, DoorDash's approach for Deliveroo. The portfolio's UK allocation was the top performer, driven by banks such as Barclays and Lloyds.

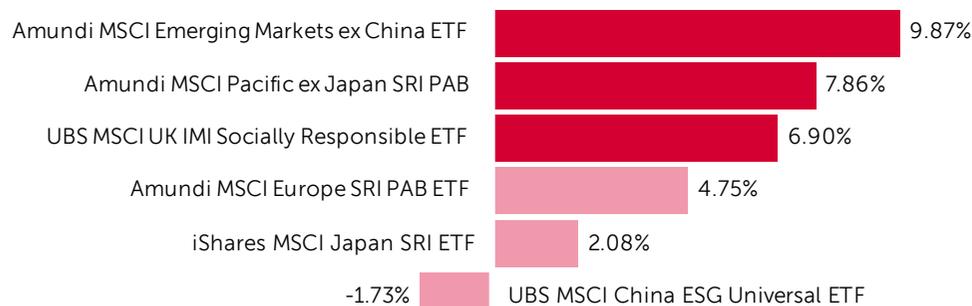
European equities also delivered positive returns, buoyed by what has been described as a 'wake-up call' amid rising geopolitical tensions.

US equities managed to recover the losses sustained around 'Liberation Day'. However, returns for UK investors were muted due to the depreciation of the US dollar, which reduced gains when converted back to sterling.

Investors increasingly looked beyond the US for opportunities. Emerging market and Pacific ex-Japan equities led the way, with companies like Taiwan's TSMC and Australian banks posting particularly strong gains. Chinese equities reversed previous momentum amid renewed concerns over potential US tariff increases.

Overall, AJ Bell Responsible MPS 6 returned 5.73% over the quarter.

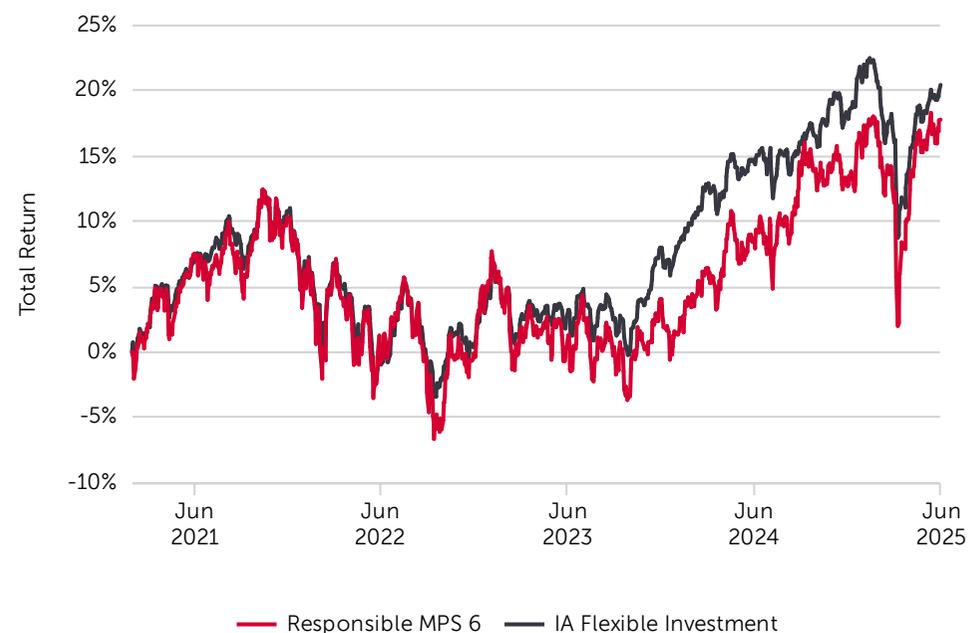
### Q2 2025 best/worst performers



### Performance

Cumulative (%)	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 years	Since inception
Responsible MPS 6	5.73	4.43	8.39	18.87	17.80
IA Flexible Investment	3.79	2.19	5.01	21.45	20.46

The above table displays the total return of the fund on a cumulative basis. This is taken from the most recent month end.



Past performance is not indicative of future performance. The value of investments may go down as well as up and the income generated by investments is not guaranteed and may fluctuate. You may receive back less than the amount that you invested.

# Responsible MPS 6

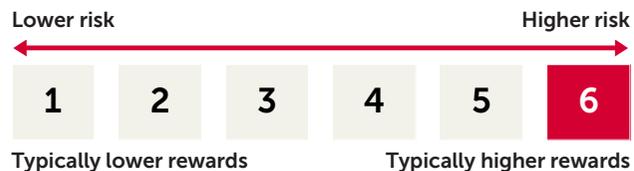
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## Portfolio snapshot

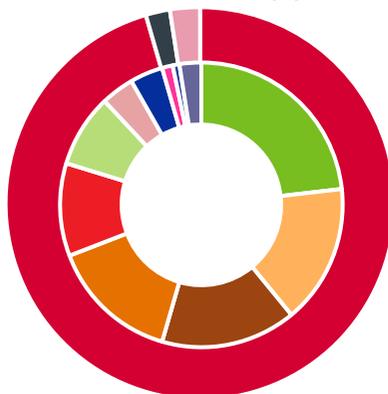
Number of holdings	9
Inception date	01 Mar 2021
Underlying OCF	0.27%
Annual Investment Management Charge	0.15%
Indicative Total OCF	0.42%

## Top 10 holdings

Holding	Weight (%)
UBS MSCI UK IMI Socially Responsible ETF	20.63
Amundi MSCI Europe SRI PAB ETF	15.46
Xtrackers ESG MSCI Emerging Markets ETF	14.74
iShares MSCI USA SRI ETF	11.48
Amundi MSCI Emerging Markets ex China ETF	10.53
iShares MSCI Japan SRI ETF	8.27
Xtrackers ESG MSCI USA ETF	4.30
UBS MSCI China ESG Universal ETF	3.75
Amundi MSCI Pacific ex Japan SRI PAB	3.75
Amundi MSCI UK IMI SRI PAB ETF	2.61

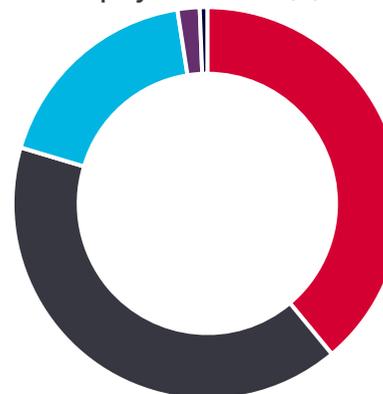


Asset allocation (%)



<b>Equity</b>	<b>95.50</b>
UK equity	23.24
North America equity	15.78
Europe ex-UK equity	15.46
Emerging markets equity	14.74
Emerging markets ex-China equity	10.53
Japan equity	8.27
China equity	3.75
Asia Pacific ex-Japan equity	3.75
<b>Fixed Income</b>	<b>2.00</b>
Global high yield bonds (GBP hedged)	1.25
Emerging market debt	0.75
<b>Cash</b>	<b>2.50</b>
Cash	2.50

Equity breakdown (%)



Market Cap Group	
Giant	38.95
Large	40.66
Mid	17.93
Small	1.83
Micro	0.63

Equity breakdown (%)



Sector	
Financial Services	24.46
Technology	17.04
Industrials	13.40
Consumer Cyclical	12.05
Healthcare	9.24
Consumer Defensive	7.33
Communication Services	7.17
Basic Materials	4.08
Real Estate	2.72
Utilities	1.76
Other	0.74

Due to its multi-asset nature, no financial instrument or index represents a fair benchmark for the portfolio. The portfolio does not aim to track the IA sector as a benchmark. Performance is calculated on a net of fees basis.

Allocation and performance information contained in this document is representative of the standard Responsible MPS 6 model held on AJ Bell Investcentre. The implementation of this model may vary when held via other platforms, for example, where access to certain share classes is restricted. This may lead to differences in allocation, performance and cost.

Based on target weights at portfolio rebalance. Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.



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Where practical the Responsible Screened Growth fund invests in products tracking MSCI Socially Responsible Investing (SRI) indexes for equity exposure. These indexes exclude companies with certain controversial business involvements and also utilise MSCI's Environmental Social Governance (ESG) ratings and ESG Controversy assessments. For further details please see MSCI's latest SRI Indexes Methodology document.

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The market capitalisation classifications in this report are based on a tiered methodology developed by Morningstar. Market capitalisation is the total value of a company's shares on the stock market. Under this method, giant-cap shares make up the top 40% of total market value; large-cap shares represent the next 30%; mid-cap the following 20%; small-cap the next 7%; and micro-cap the remaining 3%. These classifications are for analytical purposes only and may differ from other industry definitions.