

Managed Portfolio Service

Active MPS 6

As at 30 June 2025

Market commentary:

The noise in markets reached a crescendo at the start of the second quarter as President Trump’s ‘Liberation day’ revealed tariffs that shocked investors. Further scrutiny was poured on the US economy and the US dollar, as many began to reconsider their holdings of US assets. Geopolitical uncertainty in the Middle East had a surprisingly limited impact on markets, even as tensions between Israel and Iran flared into outright conflict before coming to a US-imposed ceasefire.

Fixed income

Tentative signs of inflation stability brought anticipation that the Federal Reserve could respond to any future economic weakness. Although Chair Powell has been resolute in the need to respond slowly, speculation about his successor and Trump’s hand in that selection started to influence market thinking, as did uncertainty over how the tariff situation would impact prices.

In the UK, the mechanical uplift to utility and water bills in April sent inflation back above 3%, a level it is expected to reside at for the rest of the year. As in the US, the Bank of England has been cautious while inflation remains above target. Shorter dated gilt yields rallied, steepening the yield curve, whilst longer dated yields remained volatile.

After a wobble during the equity market downturn in April, credit spreads narrowed again to leave corporate bonds with solid returns over the quarter.

Equities

Performance within equity markets continued to buck the trend of the last couple of years, with the US no longer the standout performer: other markets have taken the lead. Emerging markets such as Korea and Taiwan have been performing strongly, driven by major constituents Samsung and TSMC. Within developed Asia Pacific, Australia and Hong Kong performed well, the former driven by the financial sector.

Europe and the UK appeared to benefit from investors looking outside America for returns. The fiscal spending on defence and infrastructure prompted investors to look more closely at domestically focused segments of the markets. In the UK, a sustained rally in financials and defence stocks aided gains, whilst mid- and small caps performed well amidst takeover interest.

Chinese equities gave back some of the bumper gains seen in the first quarter, in keeping with their volatile nature and trade tensions with the US. Japanese equities continue to grapple with the implications of higher inflation, rising interest rates and what that means for the currency.

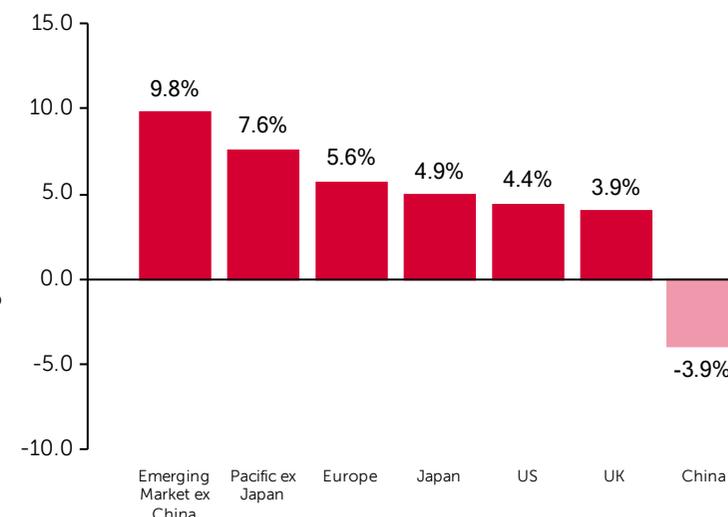
Outlook

Having seen one metaphorical and one physical ceasefire during the quarter, markets are entering summer in better spirits. Plenty of issues remain outstanding from the first half of 2025, not least that the tariff pause is due to expire in August. Having walked back from the brink once, there is a perception that Trump will be unwilling to test investor patience again, especially given the US dollar has remained on its weaker footing, supporting those claiming a strong dollar has been hindering US manufacturing.

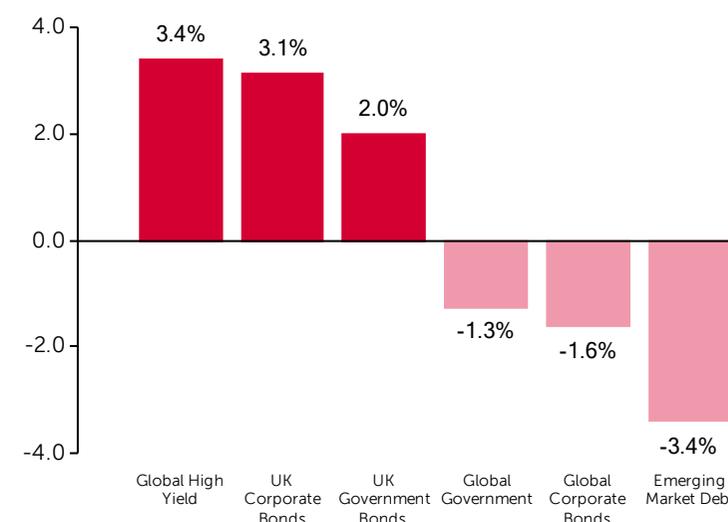
Nonetheless, it is difficult to see the relationship between Trump and the markets being plain sailing for the next four years. However, investors should pause to reflect if there has ever been a time when the outlook suggested calm waters.

The assessment of short-term events is interpreted by markets, at its most basic level, by what it means for growth and inflation. Sitting here today, the consensus appears to be that both will be acceptable, and markets will find a way to muddle through, as they often do.

Equity performance - last quarter



Fixed income performance - last quarter



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Portfolio commentary

AJ Bell Active MPS 6, which emphasises broad geographical equity diversification, was well-positioned to benefit from strong performance across global equity markets this quarter.

In the UK, domestic equities made a positive contribution in Q2, as global investors increasingly looked beyond the US. The Man Income fund outperformed its benchmark, aided by its overweight to the financial services sector.

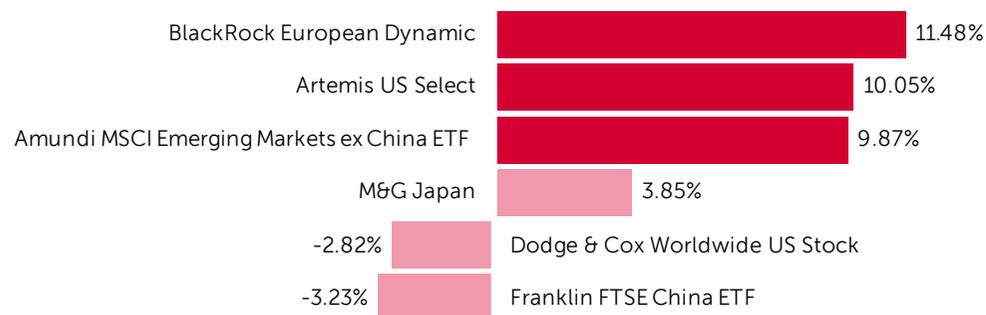
European equities also delivered strong returns, with the BlackRock European Dynamic Fund emerging as the portfolio's top performer. Its overweight position in industrials proved beneficial, as rising defence spending across the region lifted investor sentiment.

US equity markets rebounded following the volatility around 'Liberation Day'. However, for UK-based investors, the impact was tempered by a weakening US dollar, which eroded gains when translated back to sterling. Despite continued uncertainty in the US, the Artemis US Select Fund performed well, recovering the ground lost in Q1.

Further afield, emerging market and broader Asian equities led global equity performance. In Taiwan and Korea technology leaders such as TSMC and Samsung were standout contributors. Chinese equities reversed previous momentum amid renewed concerns over potential US tariff increases.

Overall, AJ Bell Active MPS 6 returned 5.79% over the quarter.

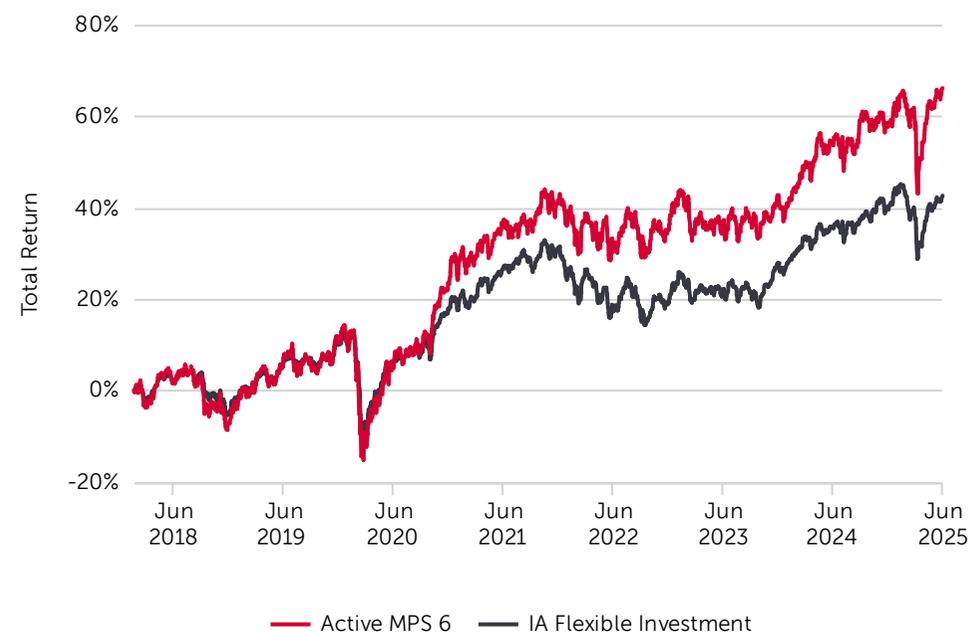
Q2 2025 best/worst performers



Performance

Cumulative (%)	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 years	5 years	Since inception
Active MPS 6	5.79	5.18	7.54	27.57	57.28	66.37
IA Flexible Investment	3.79	2.19	5.01	21.45	34.98	42.83

The above table displays the total return of the fund on a cumulative basis. This is taken from the most recent month end.



! Past performance is not indicative of future performance. The value of investments may go down as well as up and the income generated by investments is not guaranteed and may fluctuate. You may receive back less than the amount that you invested.

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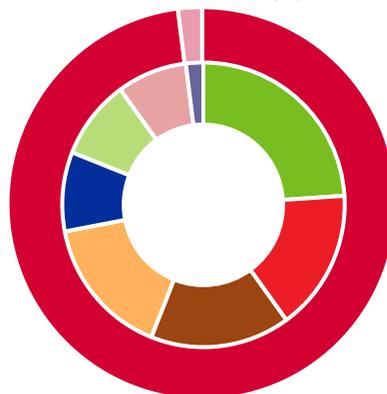
Portfolio snapshot

Number of holdings	14
Inception date	19 Feb 2018
Underlying OCF	0.60%
Annual Investment Management Charge	0.15%
Indicative Total OCF	0.75%

Top 10 holdings

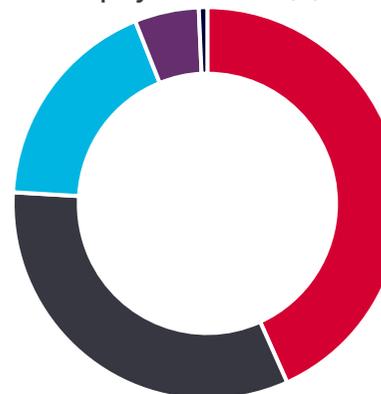
Holding	Weight (%)
Invesco Emerging Markets ex-China	10.00
JPM UK Equity Plus	10.00
Man Income	10.00
Jupiter Asian Income	9.00
BlackRock European Dynamic	8.00
Franklin FTSE China ETF	8.00
WS Lightman European	8.00
Amundi MSCI Emerging Markets ex China ETF	6.00
Artemis US Select	6.00
Jupiter Japan Income	6.00

Asset allocation (%)



Category	Weight (%)
Equity	98.00
UK equity	24.00
Emerging markets ex-China equity	16.00
Europe ex-UK equity	16.00
North America equity	16.00
Asia Pacific ex-Japan equity	9.00
Japan equity	9.00
China equity	8.00
Cash	2.00
Cash	2.00

Equity breakdown (%)



Market Cap Group	Weight (%)
Giant	43.28
Large	32.63
Mid	18.06
Small	5.34
Micro	0.70

Equity breakdown (%)



Sector	Weight (%)
Financial Services	21.86
Technology	16.48
Consumer Cyclical	11.90
Industrials	11.82
Healthcare	7.80
Communication Services	7.17
Consumer Defensive	6.88
Basic Materials	6.22
Energy	4.82
Real Estate	2.54
Utilities	2.52

Lower risk ← Higher risk



Typically lower rewards

Typically higher rewards

Due to its multi-asset nature, no financial instrument or index represents a fair benchmark for the portfolio. The portfolio does not aim to track the IA sector as a benchmark. Performance is calculated on a net of fees basis.

Allocation and performance information contained in this document is representative of the standard Active MPS 6 model held on AJ Bell Investcentre. The implementation of this model may vary when held via other platforms, for example, where access to certain share classes is restricted. This may lead to differences in allocation, performance and cost.

Based on target weights at portfolio rebalance. Totals may not sum to 100% due to rounding.



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The market capitalisation classifications in this report are based on a tiered methodology developed by Morningstar. Market capitalisation is the total value of a company's shares on the stock market. Under this method, giant-cap shares make up the top 40% of total market value; large-cap shares represent the next 30%; mid-cap the following 20%; small-cap the next 7%; and micro-cap the remaining 3%. These classifications are for analytical purposes only and may differ from other industry definitions.